



KEY VOCABULARY

natural resources

manufactured resources

renewable resource

non-renewable resource

pollution

environment

conserve

materials we can use that are **from nature**, e.g., we can use wood from trees to make furniture

materials we can use **that people make**, e.g., plastic

a resource that **doesn't run out**, e.g., wind energy

a resource that **will run out if we use it all**, e.g., coal

a substance that is **harmful to the environment**, e.g., spilling oil into the sea

the **natural world** around us

to **protect something** from harm or destruction



**recycle: to use something again, sometimes for a different purpose**

non-renewable



**coal** is a hard, black rock which can be burned, it is found deep under ground (it takes millions of years for coal to be made by the Earth)

non-renewable



**oil** is a thick, black liquid that is found deep under ground and can be used to make petrol (it takes millions of years to make oil)

renewable



**wind** is air blowing from a particular direction, it can be used to turn turbines to make electricity

renewable



**water** is a liquid we all use to survive (sea water is salty, fresh water falls from the sky as rain)